



# Lead and Copper Rule Developing a Corrosion Control Treatment Recommendation Guidance

To determine the proper Corrosion Control Treatment (CCT) recommendation for your system, you'll need to work through this packet. This information is from a 2016 EPA guidance document (<https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-03/documents/occtmarch2016.pdf>). Bureau of Public Water Supply (BPWS) staff are available to assist in this process, however, you'll need the following current water chemistry data for finished water (entry point to distribution).

- Iron and Manganese content
- pH
- Alkalinity (mg/L as CaCO<sub>3</sub>)
- estimate of Dissolved Inorganic Carbon (DIC, carbonates and bicarbonates)

Use Appendix B on the next page to estimate DIC using pH and alkalinity. Find where the alkalinity row and pH column meet; if data is between rows or columns, round pH down and round alkalinity to the nearest value.

Answer the questions in the table below, working from left column toward the right. Then follow the numbered flowchart included in this packet.

### Identifying the Appropriate Flowchart for Preliminary CCT Selection

Is iron (> 0.3 ppm) or manganese (> 0.05 ppm) in finished water?	What is the contaminant to be addressed?	What is the finished water pH?	Use This Flowchart
NO	Lead only, or both Lead and Copper	< 7.2	1
		7.2 to 7.8	2
		7.8 to 9.5	3
		> 9.5	4
	Copper only	<7.2	5
		7.2 to 7.8	6
		> 7.8	7
YES <sup>1</sup>	Lead and/or Copper	< 7.2	8
		≥ 7.2	9

1. Flowcharts 8 and 9 present several treatment options for lead and copper that also reduce iron and manganese. Systems can also consider removing iron and manganese first, then using flowcharts 1 through 6 to control for lead and/or copper.

Once you have worked through the necessary flowchart, complete the last page of this packet (Corrosion Control Treatment Recommendation) and submit a copy to the BPWS. This will document the system's formal corrosion control recommendation. Should the water system be required to install CCT, it may affect the class of a system, potentially requiring a certified operator of higher class.

*\*Please note that you are not required to have an engineer to create the recommendation but may work with one. An engineer's design will be required, as will BPWS approval or a Permit to Construct, prior to installing treatment.*

**Appendix B – Estimated Dissolved Inorganic Carbon (mg/L as C) based on Alkalinity and pH (with water temperature of 25 degrees C and TDS of 200)<sup>1, 2, 3</sup>**

Total Alkalinity	pH																								
	6.4	6.6	6.8	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.6	7.8	8.0	8.2	8.4	8.6	8.8	9.0	9.2	9.4	9.6	9.8	10.0	10.2	10.4				
0																									
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0								
6	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	0							
8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	0						
10	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	2	1	0					
12	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	3	2	1	0				
14	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
16	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
18	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	6	5	4	3	2			
20	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	7	6	5	4	3			
22	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	8	7	6	5	4			
24	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	9	8	7	6	5			
26	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	10	9	8	7	6			
28	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	11	10	9	8	7			
30	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	12	11	10	9	8			
35	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	13	12	11	10	9			
40	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	16	15	14	13	12			
45	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	19	18	17	16	15	14			
50	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	21	20	19	18	17	16			
55	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	23	22	21	20	19	18			
60	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20			
65	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	28	27	26	25	24	23			

Total Alkalinity	pH																				
	6.4	6.6	6.8	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.6	7.8	8.0	8.2	8.4	8.6	8.8	9.0	9.2	9.4	9.6	9.8	10.0	10.2	10.4
70	31	26	22	20	19	18	18	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	15	15	14	13	11	10	8
75	33	27	24	22	20	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	17	17	16	16	15	14	12	11	9
80	35	29	26	23	22	21	20	20	19	19	19	19	19	18	18	17	16	14	13	12	10
85	37	31	27	25	23	22	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	19	19	18	17	15	14	12	11
90	40	33	29	26	24	23	23	22	22	22	21	21	21	20	20	19	18	16	15	13	11
95	42	35	30	28	26	25	24	23	23	23	23	22	22	22	21	20	19	17	16	14	12
100	44	37	32	29	27	26	25	24	24	24	24	24	23	23	22	21	20	18	17	15	13
125	55	46	40	36	34	32	31	31	30	30	30	29	29	28	27	26	25	23	21	19	17
150	66	55	48	43	41	39	38	37	37	36	36	35	35	34	33	32	30	28	25	23	20
175	77	64	56	51	47	45	44	43	43	42	42	41	41	40	39	37	35	32	30	27	24
200	88	73	64	58	54	52	50	49	49	48	48	47	46	45	44	42	40	37	34	31	28
225	99	82	72	65	61	58	57	56	55	54	54	53	52	51	50	48	45	42	38	35	32
250	110	91	80	72	68	65	63	62	61	60	60	59	58	57	55	53	50	47	43	39	36
275	121	100	88	80	75	71	69	68	67	66	66	65	64	63	61	58	55	51	47	43	39
300	132	110	96	87	81	78	76	74	73	72	72	71	70	68	66	64	60	56	52	47	43
325	143	119	104	94	88	84	82	80	79	78	77	77	75	74	72	69	65	61	56	51	47
350	154	128	112	101	95	91	88	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	77	74	70	65	60	55	51
375	165	137	120	109	102	97	94	93	91	90	89	88	87	85	83	79	75	70	65	59	54
400	176	146	128	116	108	104	101	99	97	96	95	94	93	91	88	85	80	75	69	63	58

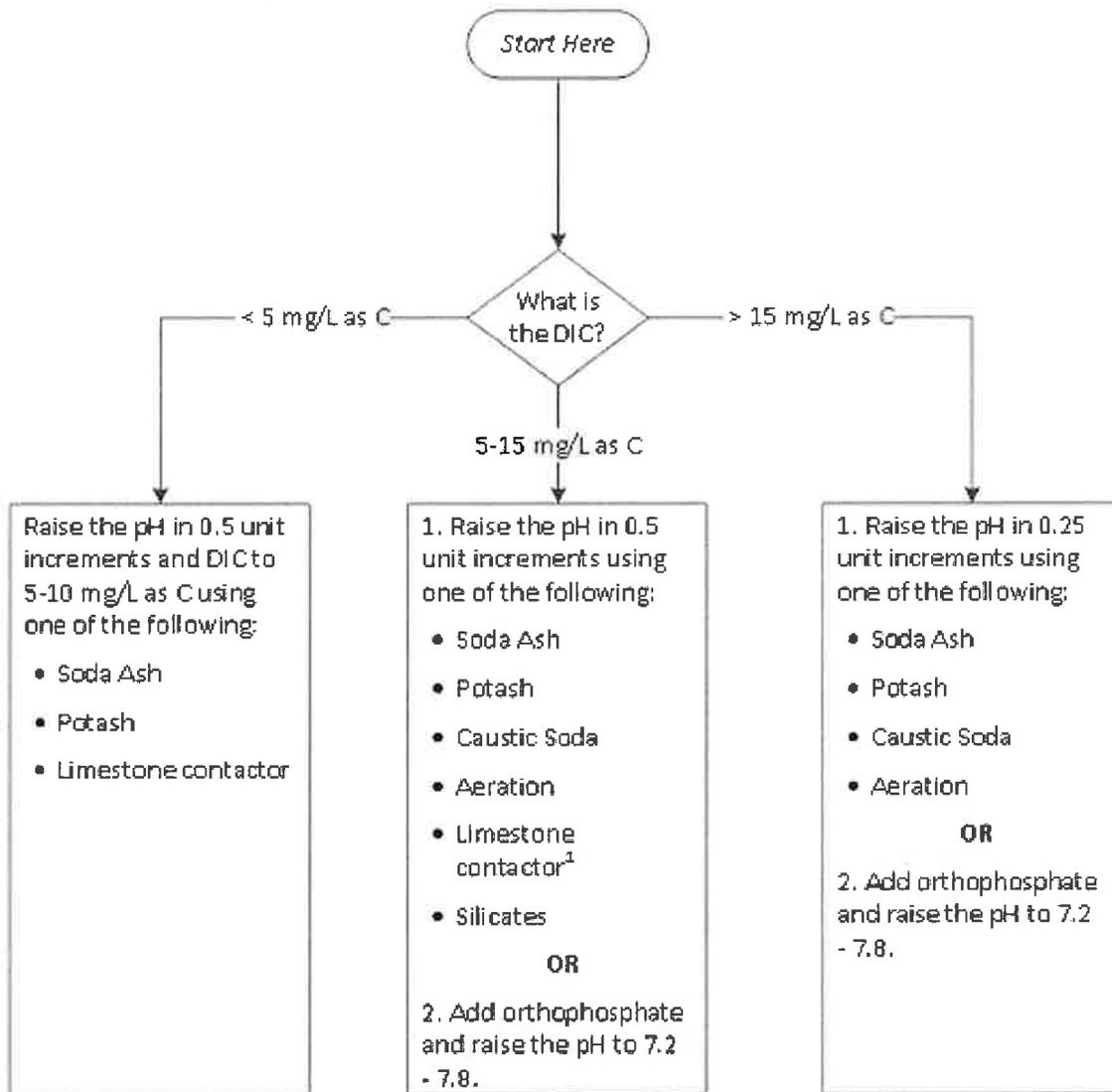
Notes:

<sup>1</sup> This table is meant to help primary agencies and water systems identify potential carbonate precipitation constraints when evaluating CCT alternatives in Section 3.2. DIC values may be up to 20% higher at temperatures as low as 10 degrees C, and may vary slightly at higher and lower TDS.

<sup>2</sup> Shaded cells indicate chemically impossible conditions. May indicate analytical quality or total dissolved solids (TDS) assumption error.

<sup>3</sup> See USEPA (2003) for information on the formula used to calculate the DIC values provided above. Equilibrium constants are referenced from Butler and Cogley (1998); Plummer and Busenberg (1982); Schock (1980); and USEPA (2003).

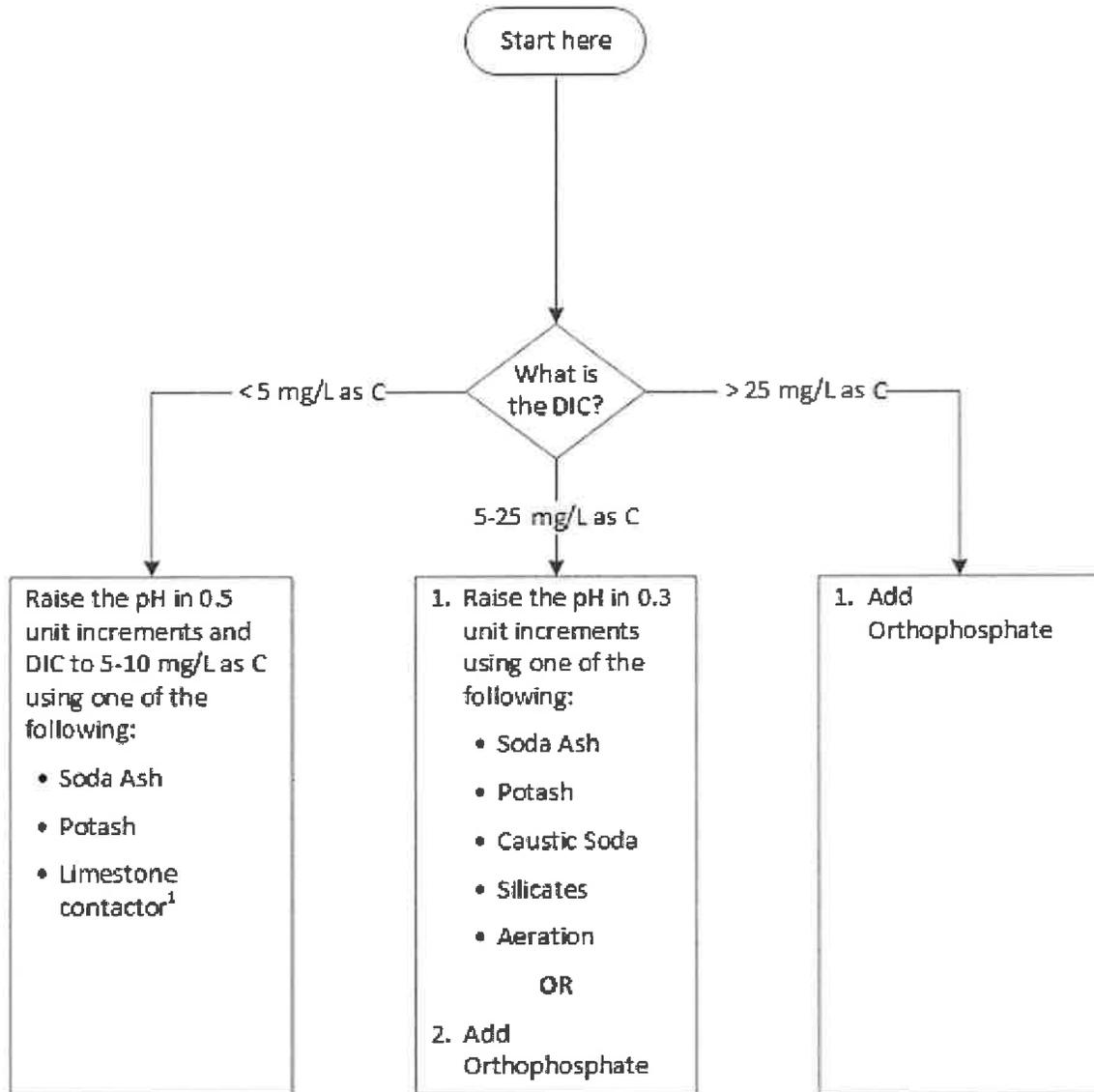
# FLOWCHART 1: Selecting Treatment for Lead only or Lead and Copper with pH < 7.2



**KEY:**  
 AL = Action Level  
 Caustic soda = sodium hydroxide (NaOH)  
 DIC = Dissolved Inorganic Carbon  
 mg/L as C = milligrams per liter as carbon  
 Potash = potassium carbonate (K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>)  
 Soda ash = sodium carbonate (Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>)

**Footnotes:**  
 1. Limestone contactors may not be appropriate when DIC > 10 mg/L as C.

## FLOWCHART 2: Selecting Treatment for Lead only or Lead and Copper with pH 7.2 to 7.8



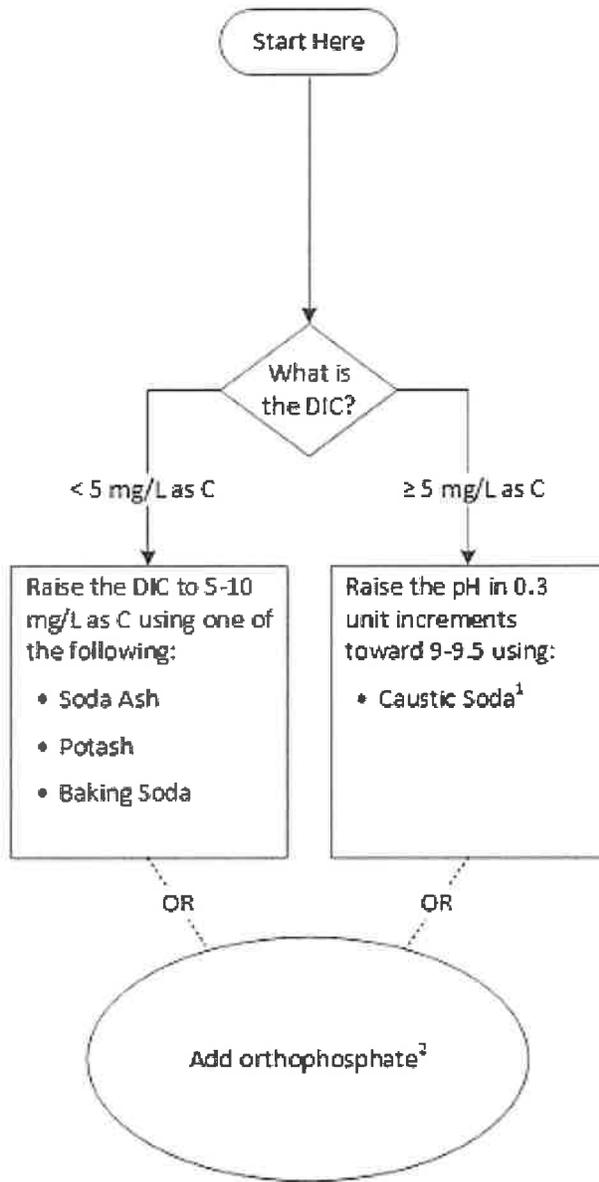
**KEY:**

AL = Action Level  
 Caustic soda = sodium hydroxide (NaOH)  
 DIC = Dissolved Inorganic Carbon  
 mg/L as C = milligrams per liter as carbon  
 Potash = potassium carbonate (K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>)  
 Soda ash = sodium carbonate (Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>)

**Footnotes:**

1. Carbon dioxide feed before the limestone contactor may be necessary.

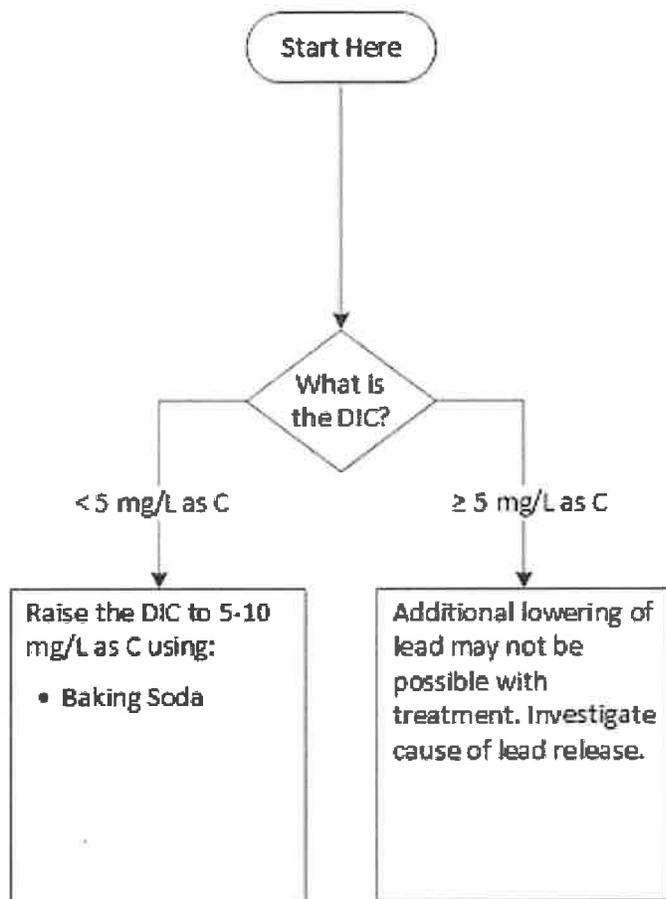
**FLOWCHART 3: Selecting Treatment for Lead only or Lead and Copper with pH of 7.8 to 9.5**



**KEY:**  
 AL = Action Level  
 Baking soda = sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO<sub>3</sub>)  
 Caustic soda = sodium hydroxide (NaOH)  
 DIC = Dissolved Inorganic Carbon  
 mg/L as C = milligrams per liter as carbon  
 Potash = potassium carbonate (K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>)  
 Soda ash = sodium carbonate (Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>)

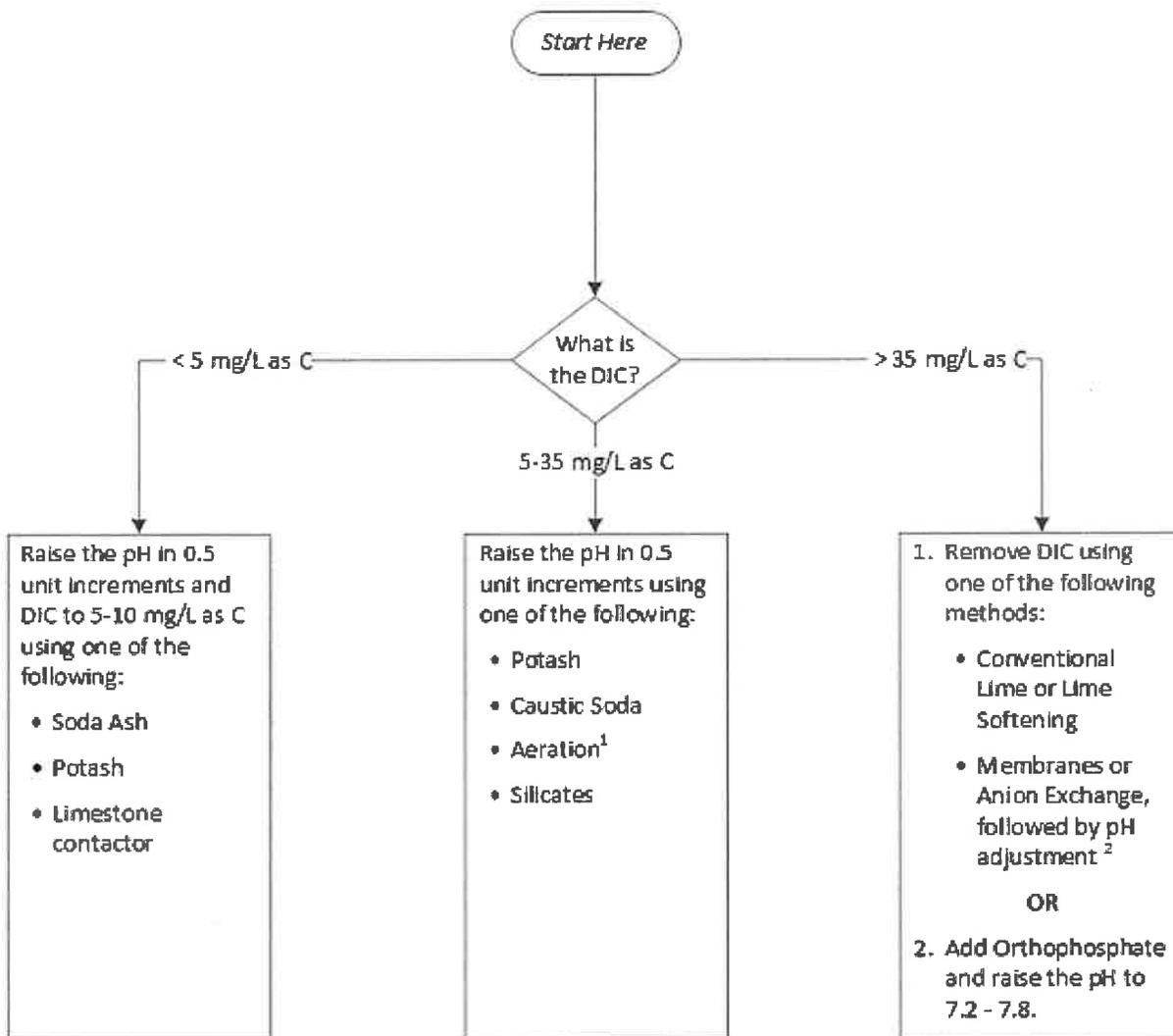
**Footnotes:**  
 1. Systems with copper plumbing may experience copper pitting problems when operating at pH 9 – 9.5 and DIC of 5 – 15. Orthophosphate may be a better option for these systems.  
 2. Optimal pH range for orthophosphate is 7.2 - 7.8 but phosphate may be effective at higher pH depending on dose. Orthophosphate effectiveness is lower in the pH range of 8 – 8.5. Systems should also avoid this range because of inadequate buffering in the distribution system.

### FLOWCHART 4: Selecting Treatment for Lead only or Lead and Copper with pH > 9.5



**KEY:**  
AL = Action Level  
Baking soda = sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO<sub>3</sub>)  
DIC = Dissolved Inorganic Carbon

## FLOWCHART 5: Selecting Treatment for Copper only with pH < 7.2



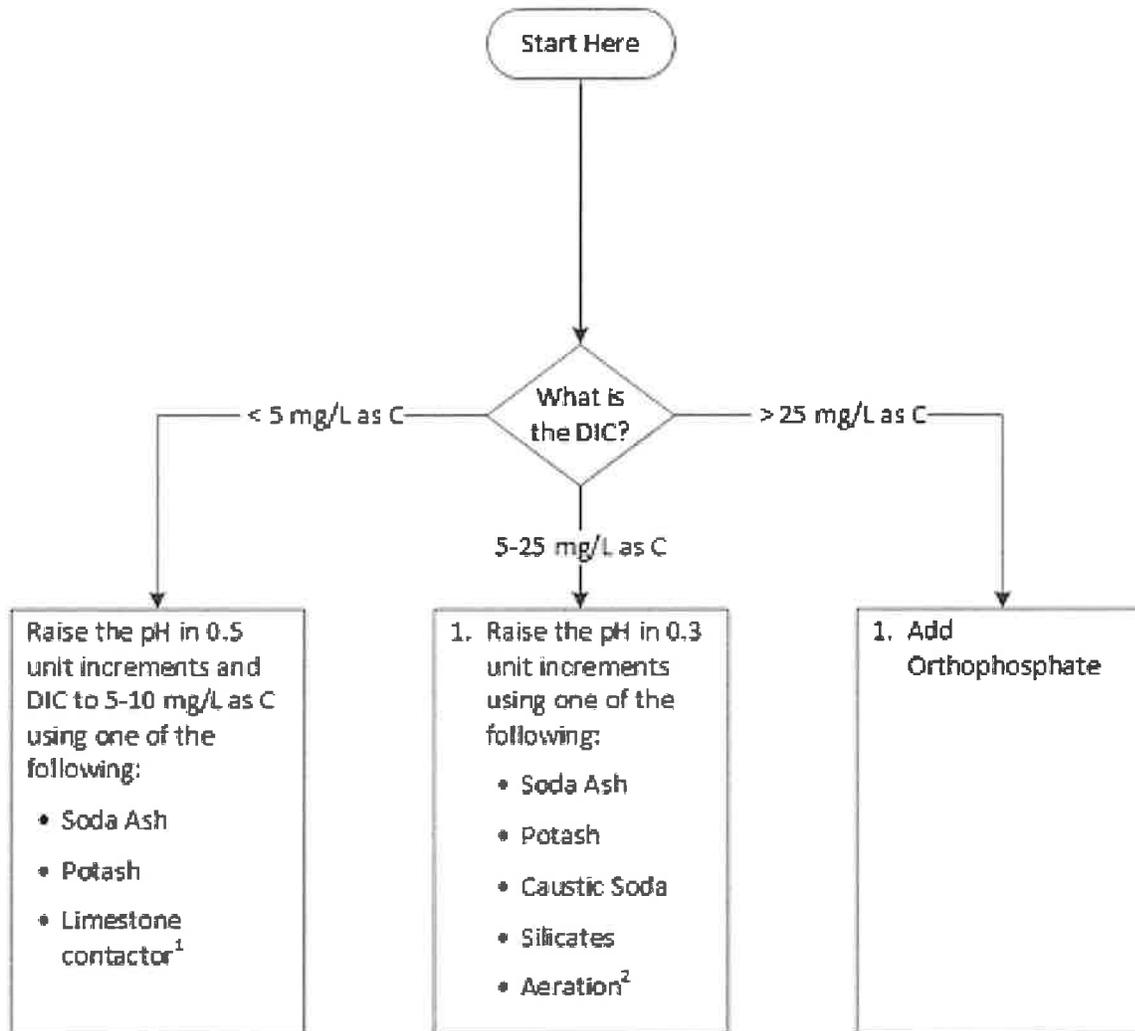
### KEY:

AL = Action Level  
 Caustic soda = sodium hydroxide (NaOH)  
 DIC = Dissolved Inorganic Carbon  
 mg/L as C = milligrams per liter as carbon  
 Potash = potassium carbonate (K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>)  
 Soda ash = sodium carbonate (Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>)

### Footnotes

1. May be most appropriate at higher end of DIC range.
2. To achieve optimal levels, consider treating less than 100 percent of the water (i.e., split stream).

## FLOWCHART 6: Selecting Treatment for Copper only with pH of 7.2 to 7.8



### KEY:

AL = Action Level

Caustic soda = sodium hydroxide (NaOH)

DIC = Dissolved Inorganic Carbon

mg/L as C = milligrams per liter as carbon

Potash = potassium carbonate (K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>)

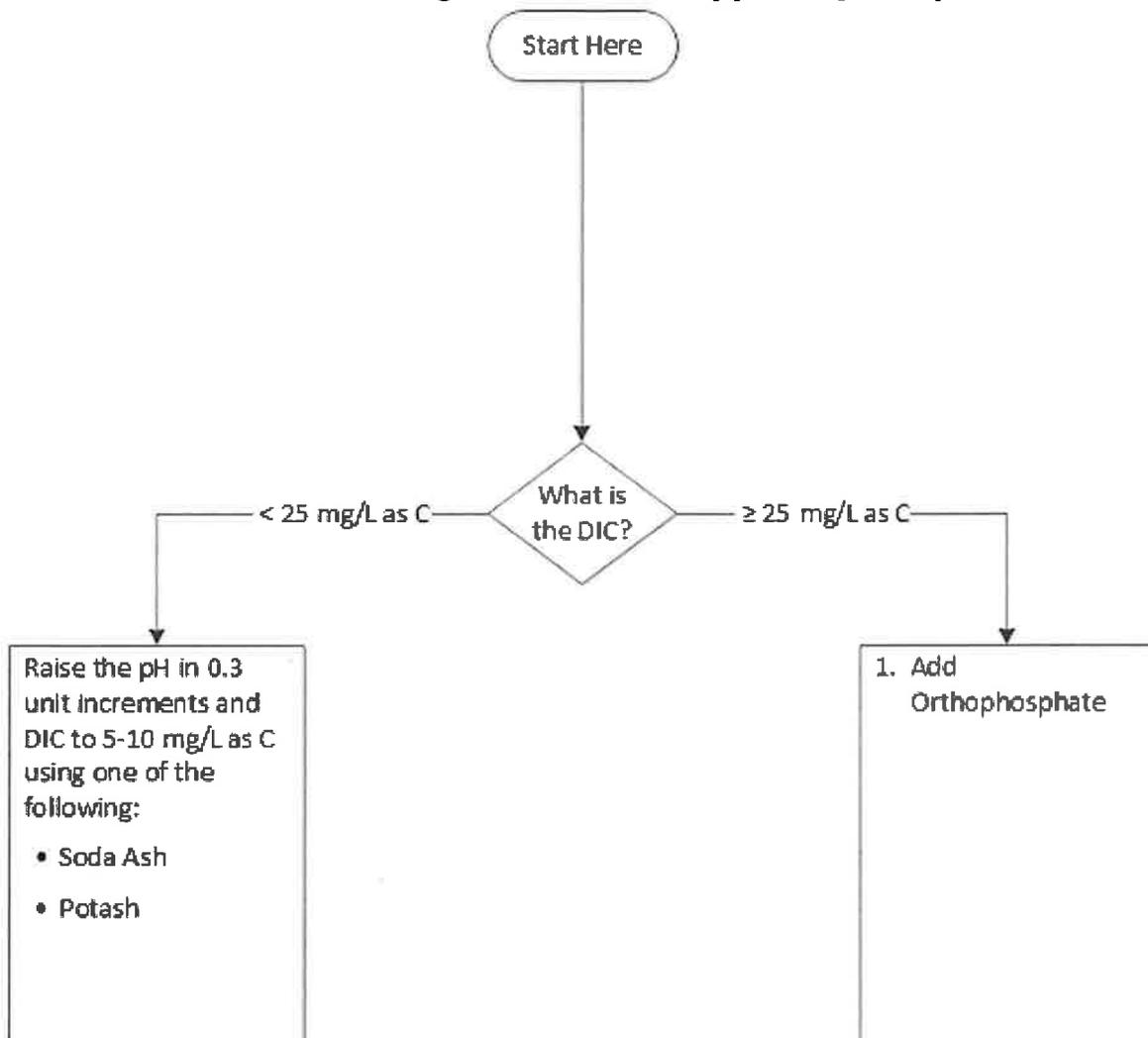
Soda ash = sodium carbonate (Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>)

### Footnotes

1. Carbon dioxide feed before the limestone contactor may be necessary.

2. May be most appropriate at higher end of DIC range

## FLOWCHART 7: Selecting Treatment for Copper only with pH of > 7.8



**KEY:**

AL = Action Level

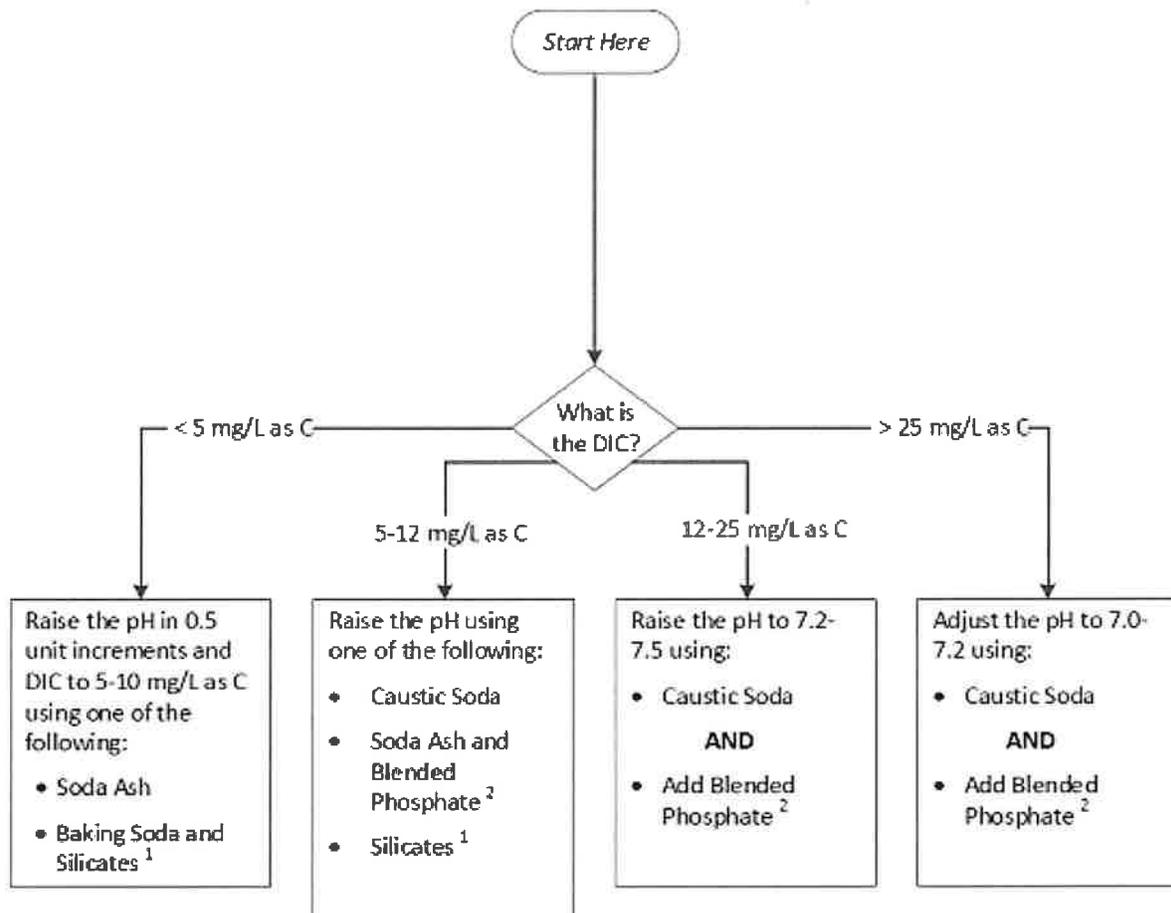
DIC = Dissolved Inorganic Carbon

mg/L as C = milligrams per liter as carbon

Potash = potassium carbonate ( $K_2CO_3$ )

Soda ash = sodium carbonate ( $Na_2CO_3$ )

## FLOWCHART 8: Selecting Treatment for Lead and/or Copper with Iron & Manganese in Finished Water with pH > 7.2



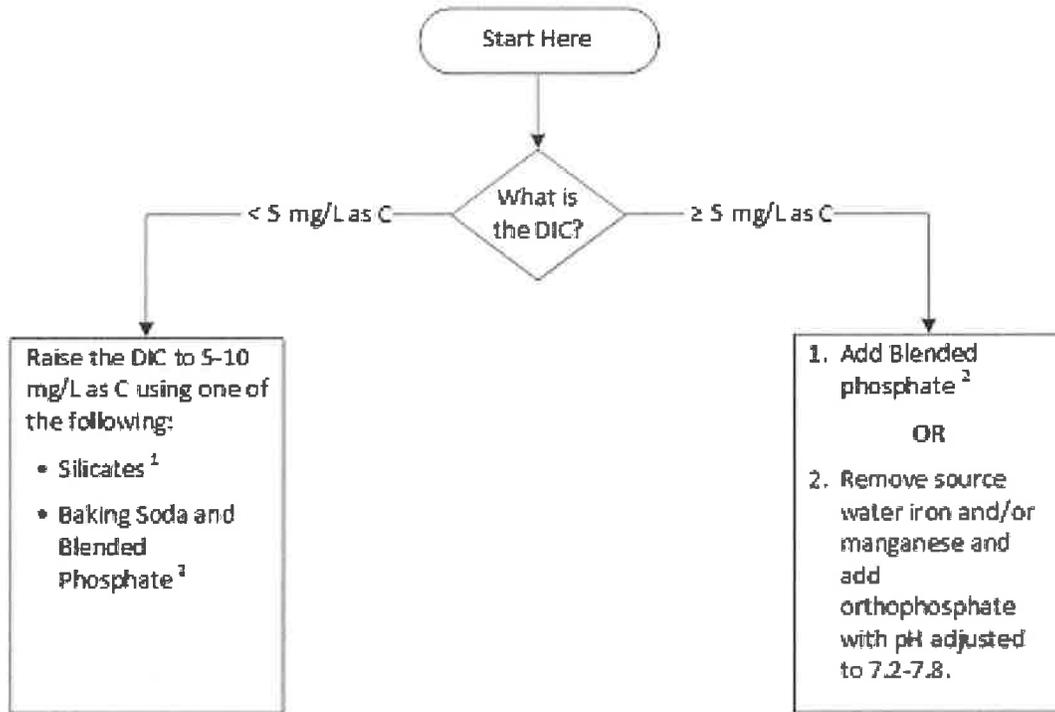
### KEY:

AL = Action Level  
 Baking soda = sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO<sub>3</sub>)  
 Caustic soda = sodium hydroxide (NaOH)  
 DIC = Dissolved Inorganic Carbon  
 mg/L as C = milligrams per liter as carbon  
 Soda ash = sodium carbonate (Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>)

### Footnotes:

1. Silicates are most effective when combined iron and manganese concentrations are less than 1.0 mg/L.
2. The effectiveness of blended phosphate varies based on the formulation. Additional evaluation and/or monitoring is recommended. See Section 3.3.2 for additional discussion.

## FLOWCHART 9: Selecting Treatment for Lead and/or Copper with Iron & Manganese in Finished Water with pH ≥ 7.2



### KEY:

AL = Action Level

Baking soda = sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO<sub>3</sub>)

DIC = Dissolved Inorganic Carbon

mg/L as C = milligrams per liter as carbon

### Footnotes:

1. Silicates are most effective when combined iron and manganese concentrations are less than 1.0 mg/L.

2. The effectiveness of blended phosphate varies based on the formulation. Additional evaluation and/or monitoring is recommended. See Section 3.3.2 for additional discussion. Blended phosphates are less effective for controlling copper at DIC greater than 25 mg/L as C.



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# Lead and Copper Rule Corrosion Control Treatment Recommendation

WATER SYSTEM NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ PWSID: \_\_\_\_\_

Upon being required to install corrosion control, the water system identified above will pursue the following treatment:

### **Treatment Recommendation**

Check box or explain if needed:

- increase pH with sodium carbonate (soda ash)
- increase pH with sodium hydroxide (caustic soda)
- increase pH with calcium hydroxide (lime)
- Orthophosphate addition
- Orthophosphate / polyphosphate blend addition
- Aeration
- Other:

### **Reason/ Rationale behind Recommendation**

Summarize and/or attach relevant water quality data (ex. PCHEM data, pH, alkalinity, lead and copper results history):

Other treatment present at the system (ex. chlorination, fluoridation)

### CERTIFICATION

I certify that I am the person authorized to fill out this form and that the information contained herein is true, accurate, and complete to the best of my knowledge and ability at the time the assessment was performed.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Please complete the worksheet and submit to:  
 MSDH Bureau of Public Water Supply  
 ATTN: Lead and Copper Rule Manager  
 BY USPS - 570 Woodrow Wilson, P. O. Box 1700, Jackson, MS 39215-1700  
 or  
 BY EMAIL - [water.lead@msdh.ms.gov](mailto:water.lead@msdh.ms.gov) or [lenore.holmes@msdh.ms.gov](mailto:lenore.holmes@msdh.ms.gov)